# Prolonging Tonic at Phrase Beginnings Using the Leading-Tone Chord 

Name: $\qquad$

## Part 1: Short resolutions

1. For each excerpt below:

- Fill in the blank with an appropriate inversion of tonic
- Realize the progression in four parts


Fm: vii ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$


C\#m: viiO ${ }_{3}^{3}$


Gm: $\quad$ vii ${ }^{07}$


Dm: viio ${ }^{06}$


DM: $\quad$ vii ${ }^{\circ 7}$


AM: $\quad \mathrm{vii}^{\circledR 4}$ $\qquad$


GM: vii『6


EbM: vii ${ }^{06}$

## Part 2: Analysis: Farrenc, Cello Sonata Op. 46, I

1. Listen to the excerpt several times: (score on next page) https://open.spotify.com/track/5SzVEIZZNbYW97G7UFM4UN?si=8833971423e04ba00
2. Label the key
3. Label any cadences in the excerpt
4. Provide a harmonic analysis (i.e. Roman numerals)
5. Identify how the phrase model operates using the labels Tb-PD-D-Te

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## Part 3: Analysis: Beethoven, Piano Sonata Op. 2, No. 3, II

1. Listen to the excerpt several times (score on next page):
https://open.spotify.com/track/3PT3O4HhQ29yRcQ8vkbIpw?si=afef71aa4bb444b8
2. Label the key
3. Label any cadences in the excerpt
4. Provide a harmonic analysis (i.e. Roman numerals)
5. Identify how the phrase model operates using the labels Tb-PD-D-Te

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## Part 4: Writing from figures

1. Label the key
2. Provide a harmonic analysis of the figures
3. Realize the progression in four parts
4. Label the type of cadence you wrote at the end of the excerpt

