Possessive Nouns

Count nouns are used in plural forms when:

- More than one item is mentioned (two books, several research studies)
- General statements are made (Our research has found that <u>people</u> are prone to <u>biases</u>.)

Possessive nouns are used to show that an object belongs to a person.

- This is my <u>mother's dress</u>. Whose dress is this? This dress is <u>my mother's</u>. (The dress belongs to my mother.)
- <u>Professor Smith's study</u> indicates ... (The study belongs to Professor Smith)

NOTE: The owner of an object stands before the object.

Forming Possessive

Types of nouns		To form possessive, add:	Examples
1.	Noun without "s" at the end: singular noun <i>(child, dog, person</i>) or irregular plural noun (<i>children,</i> <i>men, women</i>)	'S	 My wife's coat; my sister's hat; the girl's book My children's toys; two men's cell phones
2.	Plural noun that ends in "s"	' (apostrophe)	 Girls' books; ladies' dresses; Students' books; teachers' desks
3.	Non-living objects (e.g., the dress, the table) or a noun phrase or adjective clause	Use "the of the"	 <u>The front of the dress</u> is dirty. <u>The legs of the table</u> need to be fixed. She is <u>the mother of the</u> girl who is in my class.
4.	A singular noun that ends in "s"	[•] s or [•] (depending on the style)	 Thomas' book or Thomas's book

Exercise 1

A) Fill in the appropriate words under each heading.

Singular	Singular Possessive: 's	Plural: s/new form	Plural Possessive: s'
a child	toy	two	toys
a lawyer	office	two	offices
my brother	house	my three	house
the man	car	three	cars
a researcher	study	two	studies
a person		several	several
	preference		preferences

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences using the correct form of the possessive:

- 1. What is your friend name?
- 2. Sarah found somebody wallet in the park.
- 3. A drunk driver ran into my friend car.
- 4. I look forward to the party at my friend house.
- 5. Alcoholism has several devastating effects on people lives.
- 6. The boys bedroom has just been painted.
- 7. Parents can affect their children character in significant ways.
- 8. Can you borrow your parents car at the weekend?
- 9. Hurricanes damage people property and can be dangerous to people lives.

- 10. When I was twelve years old, I tried to drive my father car for the first time.
- 11. Many parents want to contribute to their children success.

Exercise 3. Do not confuse Plural (many items) and Possessive (when the second noun belongs to the first noun).

Some of the following sentences miss plural and possessive forms. Read them and correct errors.

- 1. My sister and her husband live in Fairfax.
- 2. My sister husband works at the Honda dealership.
- 3. My brother and his wife own a Honda.
- 4. My brother wife bought her Honda from my sister husband.
- 5. Everyone has dream, goal, and hope.
- 6. Everyone dreams, goals, and hopes are different.
- 7. My parent love me and they want me to achieve my goal and be happy.
- 8. I tried to convince my parent that I should change my major.
- 9. My parent friend helped me convince them that I need to change my major.

Markers of Singular and Plural Noun Forms

Count Nouns		Non-Count Nouns
Singular	Plural	Only Singular
 One, each, every, another. Each student, every day, one word, another person 	<i>Each of, one of, every one of,</i> <i>most of, three thirds of,</i> 30 percent of, etc. + the or possessive pronoun (my, his, her, our, their, your) + plural noun	 One, each, every + another noun (measurement) + of One piece of luggage Each gallon of milk Every ounce of gold
	 Each of my friends, one of the students, most of the students, two thirds of his relatives 	
	All, some, most, a lot of, lots o	f, no, hardly any
	 most people, a lot of cell phones, lots of cars, no parents, hardly any students, some tomatoes 	 a lot of homework, no money, hardly any milk, some cabbage
	 A number (<i>two</i> and higher) and after <i>many, few, a few, a</i> <i>number of, a couple of, both,</i> <i>several</i> Two books, a number of computers, a couple of days, both assignments, several people I have <u>a few</u> friends. They are great. I have <u>few</u> friends. I often get lonely. 	 Plenty of, a great deal of, much, little, a little, an amount of: A (large / small / certain) amount of money, mail, furniture A great deal of courage; plenty of money How much money is there? I have <u>a little</u> money. I can buy lunch. I earn <u>little</u> money. I need to get another job.

Using Articles with Nouns

Count	Non-Count Nouns				
Singular	Plural	Only singular			
Use "a/an" when a singular count noun is not specific (e.g., mentioned for the first time; any item of its group) • There is <u>a large</u> <u>tree</u> in my yard. • I need to get <u>a new</u> <u>phone</u> . • <u>An apple</u> contains lots of vitamin C.	 Don't use any article with non-specific plural nouns: People from different countries may have different traditions and beliefs. Cell phones are very helpful devices. 	 Don't use any article with non-specific non-count nouns: Pollution is bad for people. Milk comes from cows. Homework is an important part of education. 			
Use "the" with any common noun when it is specific and after " <i>same, first, second, third</i> , etc."					
 <u>The girl</u> in <u>the</u> red <u>dress</u> is my best friend. <u>The first reason</u> 	• <u>The cars</u> in this garage need to be cleaned.	• <u>The milk</u> in this frig is sour.			

Exercise 1. Underline all nouns in these sentences. Highlight **noun markers**. Correct errors in the use of nouns or the words that show quantity:

- 1. I want to give bonus for every employees in my company.
- 2. Another differences between this two countries is the weather.
- 3. It's easy for people to find a jobs with a college degree.
- 4. College degree earned in my country has no value in other country.
- 5. Tomato is good source of vitamin C.

- 6. Last night I was worried about test in my ESL class. This morning, I took test, and it went well.
- 7. Every people want to be happy.
- 8. Smart phone is a necessary tools in our daily life.

Exercise 2. Underline all nouns in these sentences. Highlight **noun markers**. Correct errors in the use of nouns or the words that show quantity:

- 1. I choose accounting as my career because I like number.
- 2. With a higher salary, I will have more chance to enjoy my life.
- 3. Car mechanic are specialists that fix car.
- 4. I am lucky because I have lived in two country on two different continent.
- 5. I have two good friend. Both of my friend are NOVA student.
- 6. Dream comes from imagination and many dreams can be made real.
- 7. Goal is a target which we set to achieve some day.
- 8. First reason is that I want to be an IT officer is my interest in computer.
- 9. Being web-comic artist can be challenge.
- 10. I have three dream to achieve.
- 11. Artificial intelligence device think instead of human.
- 12. Bad bosses will create a terrible work environment for worker.
- 13. One difference between the two country is family value.
- 14. In the U.S., there are many kinds of store, such as convenience store, thrift store, and shopping mall.

Exercise 3. Underline all nouns in these sentences. Highlight **noun markers**. Correct errors in the use of nouns or the words that show quantity:

- In the United States, student have many different opportunity to be able to study for free.
- 2. Paris and London are two of the most famous city in Europe.
- 3. One of my most important dream is having a family.
- 4. There are a lot of job for people with an IT major.
- 5. Each of the student in my class is a hard worker.
- 6. I hear that George Mason is one of the best university in Virginia.
- 7. My income is low because I only work a few hour a week.
- 8. I have a few friends, so I often get lonely.
- 9. We learn a lot of lesson from experience.
- 10. My doctor is one of the best surgeon in the world.
- 11. Web comic artist earn a lot of money.
- 12. With money I can build school and homes, and open business for the poor.
- 13. Enjoyment is one of the factor that everyone should think of when choosing a career.
- 14. One of the main cause of immigration is political.

Exercise 4. Underline all nouns in these sentences. Highlight **noun markers**. Correct errors in the following sentences:

- 1. I have too many homeworks for tomorrow.
- 2. There is not enough researches on this topic.
- 3. In American high schools, students get access to computer equipments.
- 4. There were too many traffics on the highway last night.
- 5. There is little evidences to prove this theory.
- 6. I always keep track of the latest developments in technologies.
- 7. This classroom has an outdated equipment.
- 8. My parents gave me a lot of useful advices.
- 9. College students are required to pay for their own tuitions.
- 10. I have a lot of experiences in taking care of children.